UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 www.uspto.gov

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/597,767	08/07/2006	J. David Schaffer	PHUS040120US3	3848
38107 7590 03/31/2010 PHILIPS INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY & STANDARDS P. O. Box 3001 BRIARCLIFF MANOR, NY 10510			EXAMINER	
			WHALEY, PABLO S	
BRIARCLIFF	MANOK, NY 10510		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
		1631		
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			03/31/2010	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)				
Office Action Comments	10/597,767	SCHAFFER ET AL.				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
	PABLO WHALEY	1631				
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address				
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 1 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).						
Status						
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on						
	action is non-final.					
· _	/ 					
•	closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.					
Disposition of Claims						
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-25</u> is/are pending in the application.						
,	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.					
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
6) Claim(s) is/are rejected.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.	•					
8) Claim(s) <u>1-25</u> are subject to restriction and/or e	election requirement.					
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·						
Application Papers						
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.						
10)☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)☐ accepted or b)☐ objected to by the Examiner.						
Applicant may not request that any objection to the						
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).						
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.						
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.						
2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No						
3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage						
application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).						
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.						
Attachment(s)	. 🗖					
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 4) Interview Summary (PTO-413) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) Paper No(s)/Mail Date						
3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) 5) Notice of Informal Patent Application						
Paper No(s)/Mail Date	6)					

Page 2

Restriction to one of the following inventions is required under 35 U.S.C. 121:

Group I: Claims 1-12, 15-17, 19, and 21-25 drawn to a system for executing biological

experiments, classified in class 702, subclass 20.

Group II: Claims 13-14, 18, and 20 drawn to a biological tracking system, classified in class

435, subclass 006.

The inventions are distinct and divergent, each from the other because of the following reasons:

In the instant case, the inventions of Groups [I and III] and Group II require a different field of

search (for example, searching different classes/subclasses or electronic resources, or employing different

search queries). In particular, Groups I and III recite subject matter directed to determining a classifier

based on genetically evolving algorithms, classified in class 702, subclass 20. Group II recite subject

matter directed to a medical diagnostic test for determining whether a subject has a pathology of interest

using a medical diagnostic classifier and measurements from a microarray, and therefore is classified in

classified in class 435, subclass 006.

Restriction for examination purposes as indicated is proper because all these inventions listed in

this action are independent or distinct for the reasons given above and there would be a serious search and

examination burden if restriction were not required because one or more of the following reasons apply:

(a) the inventions have acquired a separate status in the art in view of their different classification;

(b) the inventions have acquired a separate status in the art due to their recognized divergent

subject matter;

(c) the inventions require a different field of search (for example, searching different

classes/subclasses or electronic resources, or employing different search queries);

Art Unit: 1631

(d) the prior art applicable to one invention would not likely be applicable to another invention;

(e) the inventions are likely to raise different non-prior art issues under 35 U.S.C. 101 and/or 35

U.S.C. 112, first paragraph.

Applicant is advised that the reply to this requirement to be complete must include (i) an

election of a invention to be examined even though the requirement may be traversed (37 CFR 1.143)

and (ii) identification of the claims encompassing the elected invention.

The election of an invention may be made with or without traverse. To reserve a right to petition, the

election must be made with traverse. If the reply does not distinctly and specifically point out supposed

errors in the restriction requirement, the election shall be treated as an election without traverse. Traversal

must be presented at the time of election in order to be considered timely. Failure to timely traverse the

requirement will result in the loss of right to petition under 37 CFR 1.144. If claims are added after the

election, applicant must indicate which of these claims are readable on the elected invention.

If claims are added after the election, applicant must indicate which of these claims are readable

upon the elected invention.

Should applicant traverse on the ground that the inventions are not patentably distinct, applicant

should submit evidence or identify such evidence now of record showing the inventions to be obvious

variants or clearly admit on the record that this is the case. In either instance, if the examiner finds one of

the inventions unpatentable over the prior art, the evidence or admission may be used in a rejection under

35 U.S.C. 103(a) of the other invention.

Applicant is reminded that upon the cancellation of claims to a non-elected invention, the

inventorship must be amended in compliance with 37 CFR 1.48(b) if one or more of the currently named

inventors is no longer an inventor of at least one claim remaining in the application. Any amendment of

inventorship must be accompanied by a request under 37 CFR 1.48(b) and by the fee required under 37

CFR 1.17(i).

Application/Control Number: 10/597,767

Art Unit: 1631

SPECIES ELECTION

In addition, this application contains claims directed to the following patentably distinct species:

Page 4

Species A: Instant claims 3, 7, 8, and 9 recite distinct species of genetically evolved genes. In

particular, applicant is required to elect ONE of the following species:

(i) generating offspring chromosomes by mating selected parent chromosomes of the-present

chromosome population, each offspring chromosome having an expressed sub-set- size gene value within

a range defined by expressed sub-set-size gene values of the parent chromosomes from which that

offspring chromosome is generated, as in claim 3.

(ii) generating offspring chromosomes having (i) values of genes other than the expressed sub-

set-size gene selected from a group consisting of the set of values of genes of the parent chromosomes

other than the expressed sub-set-size genes of the: parent chromosomes, and (ii) a value of the expressed

sub-set-size gene selected within a range defined by the expressed sub-set-size gene values of the parent

chromosomes, as in claim 7.

(iii) each offspring chromosome being generated from two parent chromosomes of the present

chromosome population by: (i) filling genes of the offspring chromosome with gene values common to

both parent chromosomes and (ii) filling remaining genes with gene values that are unique to one or the

other of the parent chromosomes; and selectively mutating genes values of the offspring chromosomes

that are unique to one or the other of the parent chromosomes without mutating gene values of the

offspring chromosomes that are common to both parent chromosomes, as in claim 8.

(iv) generating offspring chromosomes from selected combinations of chromosomes of the

present generation chromosome population; and replacing a selected chromosome of the present

generation chromosome population with a selected offspring chromosome if either: (i) the selected offspring chromosome is more fit than the selected chromosome of the present generation chromosome population, or (ii) the selected offspring chromosome is as fit as the selected chromosome of the present generation chromosome population and the selected offspring chromosome has fewer expressed genes than the selected chromosome of the present generation chromosome population, as in claim 9.

The species are independent or distinct because claims to the different species recite the mutually exclusive characteristics of such species. For example, generating offspring chromosomes based on values of genes of an expressed sub-set-size gene within a range defined by parent chromosomes, is separately classified and published from methods the generate offspring based on replacing combinations based on fitness. In addition, these species are not obvious variants of each other based on the current record.

Applicant is required under 35 U.S.C. 121 to elect a single disclosed species for prosecution on the merits to which the claims shall be restricted if no generic claim is finally held to be allowable. Currently, 1, 17, and 21 and generic.

There is an examination and search burden for these patentably distinct species due to their mutually exclusive characteristics. The species require a different field of search (e.g., searching different classes/subclasses or electronic resources, or employing different search queries); and/or the prior art applicable to one species would not likely be applicable to another species; and/or the species are likely to raise different non-prior art issues under 35 U.S.C. 101 and/or 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph.

Applicant is advised that the reply to this requirement to be complete must include (i) an election of a species to be examined even though the requirement may be traversed (37 CFR 1.143) and (ii) identification of the claims encompassing the elected species, including any claims subsequently added. An argument that a claim is allowable or that all claims are generic is considered nonresponsive unless accompanied by an election.

Art Unit: 1631

The election of the species may be made with or without traverse. To preserve a right to petition, the election must be made with traverse. If the reply does not distinctly and specifically point out supposed errors in the election of species requirement, the election shall be treated as an election without traverse. Traversal must be presented at the time of election in order to be considered timely. Failure to timely traverse the requirement will result in the loss of right to petition under 37 CFR 1.144. If claims are added after the election, applicant must indicate which of these claims are readable on the elected species.

Should applicant traverse on the ground that the species are not patentably distinct, applicant should submit evidence or identify such evidence now of record showing the species to be obvious variants or clearly admit on the record that this is the case. In either instance, if the examiner finds one of the species unpatentable over the prior art, the evidence or admission may be used in a rejection under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) of the other species.

Upon the allowance of a generic claim, applicant will be entitled to consideration of claims to additional species which depend from or otherwise require all the limitations of an allowable generic claim as provided by 37 CFR 1.141.

Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Pablo Whaley whose telephone number is (571)272-4425. The examiner can normally be reached between 12pm-8pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Marjorie Moran can be reached at 571-272-0720. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Art Unit: 1631

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application

Page 7

Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained

from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available

through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-

direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic

Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Pablo S. Whaley

Patent Examiner

Art Unit 1631

/PW/

/SHUBO (Joe) ZHOU/

Primary Examiner, Art Unit 1631